- 1. Which of the following statements about the 1970 demonstration at Kent State is most accurate?
 - A) Although it is remembered as an antiwar demonstration, the demonstrators' primary aim was civil rights reform.
 - B) It was an antiwar rally that turned violent, resulting in the deaths of several students at hands of the United States military.
 - C) It was a large counterrevolutionary protest in which dozens of students were either killed or badly injured.
 - D) It was the largest demonstration against affirmative action in the history of the United States.
 - E) It was the most successful Anti-Apartheid rally in the history of the United States.
- 2. One of the main reasons for the high inflation rates of the early 1970s was because of
 - A) an increase in government spending
 - B) a decrease in foreign trade
 - C) an increase in banking deregulation
 - D) a decrease in military spending
 - E) an increase in industrial investment
- 3. The War Powers Act of 1973
 - A) increased federal defense spending
 - B) decreased Congressional influence over international hostilities
 - C) was struck down by the Supreme Court
 - D) limited the president's war-making powers
 - E) established a national draft
- 4. What steps did Nixon take to counter the recession of the early 1970s?
 - A) He enacted a program to employ young people to build public works projects.
 - B) He expanded Social Security to affect anyone over the age of 60.
 - C) He enacted a 90-day freeze on wages and prices.
 - D) He bailed out the banking industry.
 - E) He attempted to monetize silver.

- 5. What was unique about Gerald Ford's rise to the presidency?
 - A) He was the first Republican since the Civil War to garner votes from the deep South.
 - B) He was the first man to become president without being elected.
 - C) He was the first man to become president without being elected president or vice president.
 - D) He was the first bachelor to become president.
 - E) He was the first post-war Republican from the South to become president.
- 6. In 1974, the Supreme Court ruled unanimously that Richard Nixon did not have the right to
 - A) hide White House documents from prosecutors
 - B) send troops to Vietnam without congressional approval
 - C) engage in sanctions against OPEC
 - D) prevent the New York Times from publishing Pentagon secrets
 - E) fire the special investigator looking into the Watergate scandal
- 7. Richard Nixon's plan of Vietnamization involved
 - A) unilateral end of all American activity in Vietnam
 - B) slowly ending bombing in Vietnam
 - C) bringing back American troops while continuing to bomb Vietnam
 - D) leaving military advisors in Vietnam but bringing back all troops
 - E) using naval support instead of the army to drive out the Vietcong
- 8. What was the Nixon Administration's position towards civil rights?
 - A) It continued the policies of the Johnson administration.
 - B) It did not support any additional policies, but did nothing to stop policies already in place.
 - C) It put together new policies to speed desegregation.
 - D) It attempted to stop and slow desegregation whenever possible.
 - E) It pushed for affirmative action programs.

9. Richard Nixon became the first president to
A) resign from the office of the presidency
B) send troops without congressional approval
C) mass bomb a country the U.S. was not at war with
D) fire an officer of the cabinet
E) be impeached by Congress

10. Richard Nixon's plan to distribute \$30 billion to the states was known as
A) New Federalism
C) New Nationalism
E) New Rights

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