

1. Gerald Ford, who became president after Richard Nixon's resignation, likely ruined the possibility of his reelection when
 - A) South Vietnam fell to communist forces despite the U.S.'s long and costly involvement
 - B) he almost immediately gave Nixon a full pardon, ending the possibility of legal punishment for any involvement he had in the Watergate scandal
 - C) he reversed the hard line peace tactic that allowed Nixon to reduce Cold War tensions without seeming weak
 - D) the U.S. supported Israel, resulting in OPEC backlash, which hurt the American economy
 - E) he blamed American problems on a 'national malaise' of public morals
2. Which of the following had the most impact on domestic nuclear energy policy?
 - A) The Vietnam War
 - B) The Cuban Missile Crisis
 - C) The 1979 accident at Three Mile Island
 - D) The embargo on Cuba
 - E) The end of the Cold War
3. The War Powers Act of 1973
 - A) increased federal defense spending
 - B) decreased Congressional influence over international hostilities
 - C) was struck down by the Supreme Court
 - D) limited the president's war-making powers
 - E) established a national draft
4. Which of the following was a major factor in Jimmy Carter's failure to win reelection as President in 1980?
 - A) The Independent candidacy of Representative John Anderson
 - B) The failure of the United States to rescue hostages taken in Iran
 - C) Carter's role as a negotiator of the Camp David Accords
 - D) Widespread deflation in the American economy
 - E) Carter's offer of amnesty for those who dodged the draft during the Vietnam war
5. The "Superfund" program created under Jimmy Carter's Presidency was set up to
 - A) repay the debt accumulated during the Vietnam War
 - B) set aside enough money to ensure the US had more nuclear missiles than the Soviet Union
 - C) give foreign aid to countries that demonstrated improvements in human rights
 - D) pay for the cleanup of toxic waste sites throughout America
 - E) distribute reparations to the survivors of Japanese Internment camps
6. The phrase "Whip Inflation Now" is most associated with whose Presidency?
 - A) Gerald Ford
 - B) Jimmy Carter
 - C) Ronald Reagan
 - D) Richard Nixon
 - E) Lyndon Johnson
7. What characteristic made Jimmy Carter an attractive candidate for president?
 - A) His foreign policy credentials
 - B) His lack of connections to Washington
 - C) His commitment to social programs
 - D) His background as a rural farmer
 - E) His dedication to "traditional values"
8. Which of the following best describes the logic of the trickle-down economic policies of Ronald Reagan?
 - A) Taxes must be raised on the wealthy to pay for social programs designed to benefit the poor.
 - B) Lowering taxes on businesses and the wealthy will cause an increase in economic investment, creating new jobs for the working class.
 - C) Taxes on the middle class should be lowered to stimulate spending.
 - D) The federal government should spend more money during recessions to stimulate the economy.
 - E) Eliminating the federal deficit is a top priority.
9. Critics nicknamed Ronald Reagan's proposed extraterrestrial missile defense system
 - A) "Starship Enterprise"
 - B) "Mission to Mars"
 - C) "Star Wars"
 - D) "Sputnik III"
 - E) "Space Needle"

10. Ronald Reagan made history with his appointment of whom to the United States Supreme Court?

- A) The first female justice
- B) The first black justice since Reconstruction
- C) The first justice not born in the United States
- D) The first justice of Latino heritage
- E) The first justice who opposed *Roe v. Wade*